

Phytohormone-producing Biofertilizers by NTHRYS

All Products Agriculture Products Back to Biofertilizers

Various Crops that can Utilize Phytohormone-producing Biofertilizers

- 1. Wheat
- 2. Rice
- 3. Maize (Corn)
- 4. Sorghum
- 5. Barley
- 6. Millet
- 7. Sugarcane
- 8. Cotton
- 9. Sunflower
- 10. Mustard
- 11. Canola (Rapeseed)
- 12. Safflower
- 13. Groundnuts (Peanuts)
- 14. Chickpeas
- 15. Peas
- 16. Beans (Common beans, Kidney beans, etc.)
- 17. Lentils
- 18. Potatoes
- 19. Tomatoes
- 20. Onions
- 21. Garlic
- 22. Carrots
- 23. Cabbage
- 24. Cauliflower
- 25. Spinach
- 26. Brinjal (Eggplant)
- 27. Oranges
- 28. Bananas
- 29. Grapes
- 30. Pineapple
- 31. Strawberries

Various Stages of Crop for Application

Phytohormone-producing Biofertilizers are particularly effective when applied during the early

growth stages, as they help to regulate growth, enhance root development, and improve overall plant vigor.

Advantages

These biofertilizers naturally produce plant hormones such as auxins, cytokinins, and gibberellins, which promote cell division, root growth, and overall plant development, leading to healthier and more productive crops.

Storage / Shelf Lifing

NTHRYS Phytohormone-producing Biofertilizers should be stored in a cool, dry place away from direct sunlight. They have a shelf life of 12 to 18 months when stored under proper conditions.

Application Process

For soil application, use 5-10 kg per hectare during soil preparation. For seed treatment, apply 1-2 kg per 100 kg of seeds. For foliar application, dissolve 2-5 kg in water and apply during key growth stages. Ensure even distribution for optimal results.

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